



# REDERA Revitalization and entrepreneurship for deprived rural areas in Europe CRITERIA FOR THE SELECTION OF GOOD PRACTICES

#### C 7 OSNOVNA SOLA LOVRENC NA POHORJU Slovenia.

Education in rural areas. During the activity, good practices will be analysed regarding:

- the rural environment and new technologies applied to teaching;
- the work of competences linked to the local environment;
- and the social and educational value of heritage (open classrooms).

### 1. Name of the practice:

### 1.1 Regional Development Agency Maribor (RRA)

https://rra-podravje.si/agencija/o-agenciji

https://dravabike.si/en/

https://rra-podravje.si/projekti/partnerstvo-za-pohorje

### 1.2 Faculty of Agriculture and Life Sciences

http://www.fkbv.um.si/?page\_id=838&lang=en

http://botanicnivrt.um.si/

#### 1.3 Municipality of Lovrenc na Pohorju

https://www.lovrenc.si/

### 1.4 Osnovna šola Lovrenc na Pohorju

https://www.oslovrenc.si/

### 1.5 Good practices in a small rural town - small enterpreneurships

https://m.facebook.com/nellvsfoodtruck/

https://www.zeliscasalvia.si/index.php?route=information/information&information i d=6

https://www.mojetestenine.si/





https://www.moja-dejavnost.si/kruh-z-drozmi-stajerska/saint-lorenz-spela-spanbauer-sp/MM1hsjyL

https://www.mojmojster.net/marija fabrici zafosnik -\_nosilka\_dopolnilne\_dejavnosti\_na\_kmetiji

https://www.koca-dobnik.si/

### 2. Objectives and challenges tackled, according to RedEra Application Form

**2.1** The Regional Development Agency for Podravje – Maribor (RDA Podravje Maribor) is the central development agency in the Podravje region. It is the most important link for the development of the Municipality od Maribor and all 40 municipalities in the region. It is the best service to municipalities in the field of regional development, project support, drawing European funds, networking, attracting investors, tourism development, smart specialization and support to the business environment.

### 2.2 Faculty of Agriculture and Life Sciences

The main mission of the faculty is to educate, research and present innovative process applicable in agriculture, the food processing industry and related disciplines. All of these activities are carried out independently or in national and international collaborations. **FALS's Vision** 

- Being an internationally visible research, teaching and innovation centre for agriculture, food and sustainable resources.
- Being a centre of connection where we can create new fundamental and applicable knowledge that we can share with international and local researchers and graduates, and with agricultural economies and companies.
- Recognising and dealing with problems and challenges in the 21st century, and finding solutions through research and shaping study programmes according to future needs.
- Being a centre for international exchange among professors, researchers and students.
- A place of innovation and analysis.
- Being an active co-creator of agricultural, food related, economic and environmental policies.

### 2.3 Municipality of Lovrenc na Pohorju

Development in a small municipality, with about 3200 inhabitants. How to bring tourists and jobs.

Area: 84,4 km2

Settlements: 7 (Činžat, Kumen, Lovrenc na Pohorju, Puščava, Rdeči breg (part), Recenjak,

Ruta)

Inhabitants: 3.153 (1.573 male, 1.580 female)

### 2.4 Lovrenc na Pohorju Primary School





There are 234 students attending classes from 1 to 9 in this school year. A part of our school is kindergarten, children from 11 months to 6 years, there is space for 124 kids. Altogether 358 children and 66 employees. The only school in the municipality. The school has a lot of projects which are based on sustainability (eko school, Slovene Network of Healty Schools, transgeneration projects, partnerships in national project to higher the quality of primary schools ...). It is a teaching school and offers practice for some professions.

### 2. 5. Good practices in a small rural town - small enterpreneurships

We will meet 6 small enterpreneurs who collaborate on a relatively small place – the region of Lovrenc na Pohorju. Those are Nelly's Food Trucks which prepare fast food in an old truck and enables people on a rural area to order and take away fast food, Salvia with its natural cosmetics which became well known around Slovenia, especcialy when they started selling their product in Lidl. We will visit Moje testenine (My pasta), where pasta with all natural and certificated rough materials is made. We will go to a small towny shoop with breads, juice and sweets called Saint Lorenz- Finally we will see a small tourist cabine where all the previous local enterpreneurs meet when tourists visit this part of Pohorje.

### 3.- Brief description of the practice: (between 400 and 600 characters

#### 3.1 RDA

- Services the municipalities in the field of regional development, project support, drawing European funds, networking, attracting investors, tourism development, smart specialization and support to the business environment.
   Promotes the development of the region by presenting key regional projects and contents.
- With an emphasis on interdisciplinarity, networking between regional institutions it collects knowledge, support companies, develops, tests and demonstrates innovation.
- With its goals RDA builds a supportive environment for commercializing developed solutions.

#### 3.2 Faculty of Agriculture and Life Sciences

#### FALS's Vision

- Being an internationally visible research, teaching and innovation centre for agriculture, food and sustainable resources.
- Being a centre of connection where we can create new fundamental and applicable knowledge that we can share with international and local researchers and graduates, and with agricultural economies and companies.
- Recognising and dealing with problems and challenges in the 21st century, and finding solutions through research and shaping study programmes according to future needs.
- Being a centre for international exchange among professors, researchers and students.
- A place of innovation and analysis.





• Being an active co-creator of agricultural, food related, economic and environmental policies.

### 3.3 The Municipality of Lovrenc na Pohorju

#### Vision:

- As a small municipality in the heart of Pohorje woul like to provide its locals all the most important services needed for qualitative life.
- The municipality would like to provide its inhabitants extra events and conditions, so
  that it is not just a sleeping village but a vivid and inovative centre for people who
  live there.
- Thus facilities for sport and other events are important: gym for sports teams, cultural hall, fitness (open and indoor), outdoor sports frounds ...
- Support private initiatives to build Lovrenc as an oasis of peace, health and inovativity

### 3.4 Lovrenc na Pohorju Primary School

- Is an example of a primary school in a town 28 km far from a larger city, second biggest in Slovenia
- All youngsters from the municipality visit that school, the next nearest primary school is 12 km away
- Children from 11 months to 15 years gain their first education here
- The school with its events is the centre of educational, cultural and sports life of the municipality, it hosts and prepares lots of performances, sports competitions, exhibitions, cultural events as well as for school children as the locals.
- It is a teaching school for man professions, like teachers of various kinds, jobs connected with computers and IT, cooks ...

#### 3.5 Six small entrepreneurs

- Locally produced food (bread, cookies, juice, pasta, sausages ...)
- Sale of locally produced goods in stores, hotels and delivery to private households
- Offering locals fast food choice, typical for urban areas
- Natural cosmetics
- Bring foreigners into rural area, connecting various services for better experience
- Growing business, branching out (small boutiques, specialities in hotels, selling products in LIDL ...)
- Reactivation after being successful in their jobs starting a new life/business





4.1 RDA	4.	1	R	$\mathbf{D} A$	١
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4 Among the following descriptions, which one will fit best to the practice?:		
4.1 RD	A	
A) It is	a p	ractice developed:
		In a rural area (according to inhabitants, evolution of population, economic sectors)
		In an urban environment but with an impact in surrounding rural areas
		Sectorial
		Other
Comme	ents	(between 450 and 600 characters)
Munio sustai munio	cipa nab cipal	egional Development Agency for Podravje - Maribor, together with City lity Maribor, took the initiative to start a joint cooperation partnership for the le development of Pohorje. RDAPM is coordinating a partnership consisting of 1 lities, 3 regional development agencies, 5 main providers of tourism services and 3 tourist organizations from all 3 NUTS 3 regions.

## B) Target public of the practice

	Young people in general	
<ul> <li>Young people at work</li> </ul>		
	☐ Unemployed young people	
	□ Workers	
	☐ Unemployed people, in general	
	□ Long term unemployed people	
	□ Specific groups	
	Other: locals and tourists	
C) Trai	sferibility of the practice  Very high  High Low	
D) Which is the source of this practice		
	Private initiative	
	Public initiative	
	Collective initiative	

E) Agents involved





	Local administration
	Regional administration
	<b>Companies</b>
	Employers' associations
	Unions
	Civil Society Organizations (CSO)
	Other: Nationwide initative
F) Wha	at type of role do the agents indicated in the previous question, play
	☐ Funders
	□ Stakeholders
	☐ Companies that take part in the offer of practices for young people
G) Sust	cainability of the practice (environmental, social and economic)
	eople feel connected. Lots of common project brought improvement into life of the locals as s attracted people from other parts of the region.
H) How	v is the gender approach considered in the practice?
	It fosters the participation of women through positive measures due to the lack of
	female participation in the sector
	Participants are gender balanced
	More women taking part for any other reason
	Not considered
I) Is it a	an inclusive practice?
	It gather people with different capacities
	It focuses in specific collectives
	It promotes inclusiveness in the territory. Yes It facilitates the conditions for the
	territory to be inclusive (elimination of physical, psychological and/or cultural
	barriers)





4.2 Faculty of Agriculture and Life Sciences			
A) It is a practice developed:			
	In a rural area (according to inhabitants, evolution of population, economic sectors)		
	In an urban environment but with an impact in surrounding rural areas		
	Sectorial		
	Other		
Comments(between 450 and 600 characters)			
Slovenia compan	ulty with its university professors and students connects what the local and in environment needs and offers. They collaborate with the local farmers as well as ies to find best practices. The students can take part in research and innovative inmes. Often they evolve their own inovative concepts which can be transferred		

### B) Target public of the practice

Young people, in general
Young people at work
Unemployed young peop
Workers
Unemployed people, in g
Long term unemployed p
Specific groups
Other, producers and hu

further to everyday life and work of farmers as well as larger companies.

### C) Transferibility of the practice

Very higl
High
Low

### D) Which is the source of this practice

	Private initiative
*	Public initiative
	Collective initiative





E) Agents invo	lved
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	Local administration		
	Regional administration		
	<b>Companies</b>		
	Employers' associations		
	Unions		
	Civil Society Organizations (CSO)		
	$\Box$ Other		
F) What type of role, do the agents indicated in the previous question, play			
	□ Funders		
	□ Stakeholders		
	☐ Companies that take part in the offer of practices for young people		

G) Sustainability of the practice (environmental, social and economic)

Cooperation of the university and the local and national needs, developing and practising new ideas and inventions, networking locals and offering good practice examples. The botanic garden and mall at the foot of the garden are results of regional needs as well as good practices.

### H) How is the gender approach considered in the practice?

It fosters the participation of women through positive measures due to the lack of
female participation in the sector
Participants are gender balanced
More women taking part for any other reason
Not considered

### I) Is it an inclusive practice?

It gather people with different capacities

It focuses in specific collectives

It promotes inclusiveness in the territory. Yes It facilitates the conditions for the territory to be inclusive (elimination of physical, psychological and/or cultural barriers)





### 4.3 The Municipality of Lovrenc na Pohorju

A) It is a practice develop
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☐ In a rural area (according to inhabitants, evolution of population, economic
sectors)
<ul> <li>In an urban environment but with an impact in surrounding rural areas</li> </ul>
Other
Lovrenc na Pohorju is a small village in an extremely rural area. Bringing tourists to this village, and locals, surely helps develop this part of the region. Especially as the network or local producers with ecologically produced food and other products. This enables to develop business and brings possibilities where there was no similar offer before.
Comments (between 450 and 600 characters)
B) Target public of the practice  Young people, in general
☐ Young people at work
☐ Unemployed young people
□ Workers
☐ Unemployed people, in general
☐ Long term unemployed people
□ Specific groups
Other: locals, tourists
C) Transferibility of the practice
□ Very high
<mark>□ High</mark>
□ Low
D) Which is the source of this practice
□ Private initiative
□ Public initiative
Collective initiative





### E) Agents involved

	Local administration
	Regional administration
	Companies
	Employers' associations
	Unions
	Civil Society Organizations (CSO)
	Other:
F) Wh	at type of role, do the agents indicated in the previous question, play
	Funders
	Stakeholders
	Companies that take part in the offer of practices for young people
G) Suc	stainability of the practice (environmental, social and economic)
u) bu	sumability of the practice (environmental, social and economic)
dent	rengthts to keep some basic services in a town – supermarket, doctor, post, veterinarian, ist are important for people living there. It encourages small enterpreneurs and wants to elop tourism as well. It is
Н) Но	w is the gender approach considered in the practice?
	It fosters the participation of women through positive measures due to the lack of
	female participation in the sector
	Participants are gender balanced
	More women taking part for any other reason
	Not considered
I) Is it	an inclusive practice?
	It gathers people with different capacities
	It focuses in specific collectives
	It promotes inclusiveness in the territory. Yes It facilitates the conditions for the
	territory to be inclusive (elimination of physical, psychological and/or cultural
	<mark>barriers)</mark>
	None of the above



☐ Collective initiative



### 4.4 Lovrenc na Pohorju Primary School

A) It is a practice de	eveloped:
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A) It is a practice developed:			
☐ In a rural area (according to inhabitants, evolution of population, economic sectors) ☐ In an urban environment but with an impact in surrounding rural areas ☐ Sectorial ☐ Other  Comments (between 450 and 600 characters)			
Lovrenc na Pohorju Primary School is among the average Slovene schools concerning the number of students. This is a modern school, with teachers using modern methods of teaching and well equipped with interactive devices od modern technology. It is founded by the municipality of Lovrenc na Pohorju.			
B) Target public of the practice  Young people, in general Young people at work Unemployed young people Workers Unemployed people, in general Long term unemployed people Specific groups Other:			
C) Transferibility of the practice  Very high High Low			
D) Which is the source of this practice  Private initiative Public initiative			





### E) Agents involved

	Local administration
	Regional administration
	Companies
	Employers' associations
	Unions
	Civil Society Organizations (CSO)
	Other: young people, parents
F) Wh	at type of role, do the agents indicated in the previous question, play
	Funders
	Stakeholders
	Companies that take part in the offer of practices for young people
G) Sus	stainability of the practice (environmental, social and economic)
with conn Scho	school is involved in three national projects, connected with methods and ways of teaching, the aims to increase the quality of teaching and learning. Together with these also projects, and ected with environmental issues (ECO school), health issues (as members of Slovenia's healthy ol), intergeneration activities is't practices are sustainable as they teach young people ways to not stay healthy in physical and psychical way.

### H) How is the gender approach considered in the practice?

	It fosters the participation of women through positive measures due to the lack of
	female participation in the sector
	Participants are gender balanced
	More women taking part for any other reason
	Not considered
s it	an inclusive practice?

### I) Is

It gather people with different capacities
It focuses in specific collectives
It promotes inclusiveness in the territory. Yes It facilitates the cond

<mark>litions for the</mark> territory to be inclusive (elimination of physical, psychological and/or cultural barriers)





### 4.5 Good practices in a small rural town - small enterpreneurships

A)	) It is	a	pr	acti	ce d	leve	elop	ed	l:
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In a rural area (according to inhabitants, evolution of population, economic
sectors)
In an urban environment but with an impact in surrounding rural areas
Sectorial
Other

Comments (between 450 and 600 characters)

Lovrenc na Pohorju is a small village in an extremely rural area. Bringing tourists to this village, and locals, surely helps develop this part of the region. Especially as the network of local producers/enterpreneurs with ecologically produced food and other products is a common vison. This enables to develop business and brings possibilities where there was no similar offer before.

Most of them think about how to sell their products widely, but none obviously does not want to have a big business with lots of employees. They network a lot between themselves and thus people and tourist are offered the best product.

### B) Target public of the practice

Young people, in general
Young people at work
Unemployed young people
Workers
Unemployed people, in general
Long term unemployed people
Specific groups
Other: all locals and turists

### C) Transferibility of the practice

Very high
High (
Low

### D) Which is the source of this practice

Private initiativePublic initiative





	Collective initiative
E) Age	ents involved
	Local administration
	Regional administration
	Companies
	Employers' associations
	Unions
	Civil Society Organizations (CSO)
	Other:
F) Wh	at type of role, do the agents indicated in the previous question, play
	<b>Funders</b>
	Stakeholders
	Companies that take part in the offer of practices for young people
G) Sus	tainability of the practice (environmental, social and economic)
time. most	ng job when it became too stressfull and starting a business of one's own is sustainable over From a rural point of view it is a valuable experience of how to keep people in the country. In of the business shown it is obvious that the whole faminly helps. The busines keeps familiies in a common task. Everybody is responsible.
Н) Но	w is the gender approach considered in the practice?
	It fosters the participation of women through positive measures due to the lack of
	female participation in the sector
	Participants are gender balanced  More women taking part for any other reason
	Not considered
I) Is it	an inclusive practice?
_	
	It gather people with different capacities It focuses in specific collectives
	It promotes inclusiveness in the territory. Ves It facilitates the conditions for the

territory to be inclusive (elimination of physical, psychological and/or cultural

barriers)





### 5.- Please, highlight some of the main results obtained to date

As Regional Development Agency, Faculty for Agriculture and Life Sciences, Municipality of Lovrenc na Pohorju and Lovrenc na Pohorju Primary School are all public institutions, they are in a way responsible for public welfare. Thus cooperation, networking, aiming to offer best living conditions for its inhabitants, are our most important common goals. The geographical position, relatively unpolluted environment mean a peaceful part of Slovenia. There are many opportunities for development on the field of tourism, economy, but still all the attributes of healthy and natural life should be preserved.

It is interesting that in a municipality such as is Lovrenc na Pohorju, there are no big factories. People seek their own satisfactions in the jobs that they create themselves.

The strategy is the key document for sustainable and coherent development of Pohorje under its own and common brand name, promoting both year-round and winter tourism.